

## 2020 CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

### YOKENA JEFF DAVIS WATER DISTRICT

Public Water System Name

### 0750011

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR

the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provide procedures when distributing the CCR.	d to the customers upon request. M	ake sure you follow the proper						
CCR DISTRIBUTION (Check all boxes that apply.)								
INDIRECT DELIVERY METHODS (Attach copy of publication, water	DYATTE ISAS(UED)							
□ Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement)								
☑ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)	06/28/2021							
□ Email message (Email the message to the address below)								
☑ Other Posted on Website and Homeowners page: www.yokenajdwater.c	com & Yokena Jeff Davis Water District	06/02/2021						
DIRECT DELIVERY METHOD: (Alteron) sopry of autolication, water by	ll or other	DYANTE HEXSIU RID						
□ Distributed via U. S. Postal Mail								
□ Distributed via E-Mail as a URL (Provide Direct URL):								
□ Distributed via E-Mail as an attachment								
□ Distributed via E-Mail as text within the body of email message								
□ Published in local newspaper (attach copy of published CCR or p								
☑ Posted in public places (attach list of locations) Posted outside	06/10/2021							
✓ Posted online at the following address (Provide Direct URL): http://yol	kenajdwater.com/CCR%20Report.pdf	06/02/2021						
I hereby certify that the CCR has been distributed to the custome above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data Water Supply.	CATION  rs of this public water system in the life of this public water system in the life of the results of the life of the l	the MSDH, Bureau of Public						
SARAH FARRELL	ACCOUNTANT	06/10/2021 Date						
Name	Title	Dale						
SUBMISSION OPTIONS (S	Select one method ONLY)	to the MSDH						
You must email, fax (not preferred), or mail a co								
Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)	Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.c	IOA						
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	Fax: (601) 576-7800	(NOT PREFERRED)						

# Copy of Consumer Confidence Report

## Is my water safe?

We are pleased to present this year's Annual Water Quality Report (Consumer Confidence Report) as required by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA). This report is designed to provide details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to standards set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality. We are committed to providing you with information because informed customers are our best allies. Last year, we conducted tests for over 80 contaminants. We only detected 10 of those contaminants, and found only 1 at a level higher than the EPA allows. As we informed you at the time, our water temporarily exceeded drinking water standards. (For more information see the section labeled Violations at the end of the report.)

## Do I need to take special precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Water Drinking Hotline (800-426-4791).

## Where does my water come from?

All water is purchased from The City of Vicksburg.

## Source water assessment and its availability

Source water assessment would have to be obtained from The City of Vicksburg

## Why are there contaminants in my drinking water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small

amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity:

microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; and radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

## How can I get involved?

Get involved by participating in election of our Board of Directors or by serving as a board member. All board members serve on a volunteer basis and are held personally responsible for decisions made pertaining to the district.

### Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Yokena Jeff Davis Water Dist. Inc. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

## Additional Information for Arsenic

While your drinking water meets EPA's standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. EPA's standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

## **Water Quality Data Table**

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the calendar year of this report. Although many more contaminants were tested, only those substances listed below were found in your water. All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. A few naturally occurring minerals may actually improve the taste of drinking water and have nutritional value at low levels. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done in the calendar year of the report. The EPA or the State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not vary significantly from year to year, or the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old. In this table you will find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below the table.

			Detect	Ra	nge				
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDLG	MCL, TT, or MRDL	In Your Water Low		High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source	
Disinfectants & Di									
(There is convincin	g evidence t	hat addit	ion of a	disinfe	ctant	s necessa	ary for cont	rol of microbial contaminants)	
Chlorine (as Cl2) (ppm)	4	4	1.6		2.70	2020	No	Water additive used to control microbes	
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5) (ppb)	NA	60	28	13	36	2020	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination	
TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)	NA	80	90	47.6	104	2020	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Inorganic Contan	inants								

	-n		- 1	Detect	Ra	nge			
Contaminants	MCLG or MRDL(	TT,	or	In Your Water	Low	High	Sample Date	Violation	Typical Source
Arsenic (ppb)	0	10		1.4	NA	NA	2020	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes monitored by The City of Vicksburg.
Barium (ppm) 2		2		.0234	NA	NA	2020	No	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits monitored by City of Vicksburg
Chromium (ppb)	100	) 100		3.1	NA	NA	2020	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; Erosion of natural deposits monitored by City of Vicksburg
Fluoride (ppm) 4		4		.663	NA NA		2020	No	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories monitored by City of Vicksburg
Radioactive Conta	minants								10
Radium (combined 226/228) (pCi/L)		5		.27	NA	NA	A 2020	No	Yokena Jeff Davis purchases water from The City of Vicksburg Radium 226 is listed on their CCR as a monitored contaminant. Likely source is listed as erosion of natural deposits.
Contaminants		ICLG	AL	Your Water	Sam Dat	ple	# Samples Exceeding AL		Typical Source
Inorganic Contam	inants								
Copper - action lev consumer taps (ppr		1.3	1.3	.0335	202	20	0	No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Lead - action level consumer taps (ppt		0	15	.0005	202	20	ND	No	

### Violations and Exceedances

TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes]
Some people who drink water containing trihalomethanes in excess of the MCL over many years may experience problems with their liver, kidneys, or central nervous system, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer. violation occurred 3rd qtr 2020 and was corrected before 4th qtr testing took place flushed dead end line on highway 61 south

nit Descriptions	
Term	Definition
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
pCi/L	pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
NA	NA: not applicable
ND	ND: Not detected
NR	NR: Monitoring not required, but recommended.

Important Drin	king Water Definitions
Term	Definition
MCLG	MCLG: Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
MCL	MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
TT	TT: Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
AL	AL: Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Variances and Exemptions	Variances and Exemptions: State or EPA permission not to meet an MCL or a treatment technique under certain conditions.
MRDLG	MRDLG: Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
MRDL	MRDL: Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MNR	MNR: Monitored Not Regulated
MPL	MPL: State Assigned Maximum Permissible Level

## For more information please contact:

Contact Name: Wayne Muirhead Address: 4865 Jeff Davis Rd

Vicksburg, Ms. 39180 Phone: 601-634-0076

### Additional Information for Arsenic

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MCLG MCL, In							
or	TT, or	Your Water	Low	High		Violation	Typical Source
evidence t	hat addit	ion of a	disinfe	ctant i	s necessa	ry for cont	rol of microbial contaminants)
4	4	1.6	.59	2.70	2020	No	Water additive used to control microbes
NA	60	28	13	36	2020	No	By-product of drinking water chlorination
NA	80	90	47.6	104	2020	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection
	MRDLG infection I evidence t  4  NA	or MRDLG MRDL infection By-Producevidence that addit  4 4  NA 60	MCLG or TT, or Water infection By-Products evidence that addition of a control of the second	MCLG or TT, or Your MRDLG MRDL Water Low infection By-Products evidence that addition of a disinfermal distribution of the many states of the many	MCLG or TT, or Water Low High infection By-Products evidence that addition of a disinfectant it  4 4 1.6 .59 2.70  NA 60 28 13 36	MCLG or TT, or Water Low High Date  infection By-Products  evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessar  4 4 1.6 .59 2.70 2020  NA 60 28 13 36 2020	MCLG or TT, or Water Low High Sample Date Violation infection By-Products  evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control NA 60 28 13 36 2020 No

				Detect	Ra	nge			
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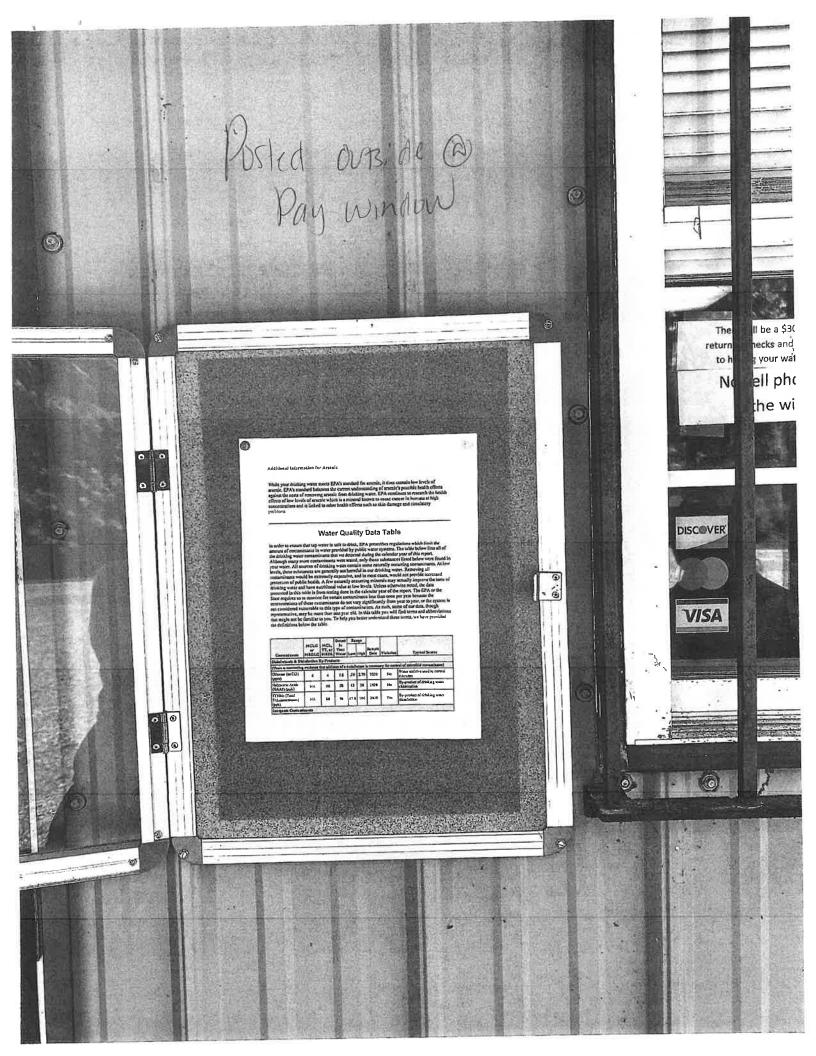
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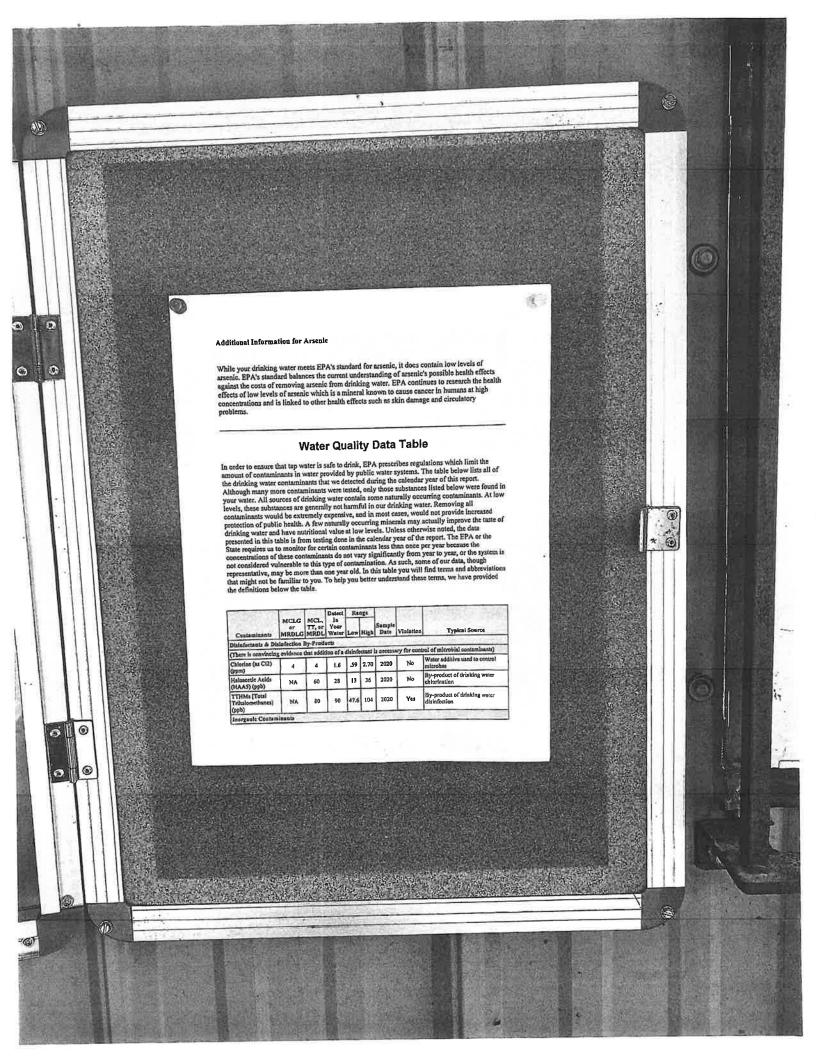
## For more information please contact:

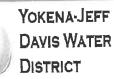
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4865 Jeff Davis Road, Vicksburg, MS 39180 E-Mall: Yokena Jeffdaviswater@yalioo.com (601) 634-6765

Robert Greer, President Plant Operator, Wayne Mairhead

### <u>Home</u>



**Business Hours** 9:00 a.m.- 2:00 p.m. Monday-Friday

Member Application

Commercial User Application

**Payment Options** 

Service Fees

### 2020 CCR Report

For general information contact Brooke Marshall at 601-634-0076 or yokena\_jeffdaviswater@ yahoo.com

To report leaks or other technical issues, please contact Wayne Muirhead at 601-831-0073.

### NOTE:

The only authorized party to accept online payments on our behalf is BBI through the EZPay System at the link below or on the Payment

1 To 16



## About Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District

Cutoff/Lock Date 29th Day of Each Month @ Noon If 29th on weekend, then following Monday.

Providing good, clean, safe drinking water for the communities of Yokena and Jeff Davis.

The Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District is aa non-profit organization. The seal reads, "Non-stock organization." Reasonable access of water is supplied to our community.

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# Yokena-Jeff Davis Water District Published by Sarah Farrell U-June 2 at 7:20 PM ·



We are pleased to provide our 2020 CCR REPORT (Consumer Confidence Report) This report covers period January 1, 2020 through December 31, 2020.

Please click on the link below to review the report.

If you should have questions, please direct them to Wayne Muirhead at 601/634-0076.

http://yokenajdwater.com/CCR%20Report.pdf

YOKENAJDWATER.COM yokenajdwater.com

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